

# RASTRIYA BANIJYA BANK LTD. SINGHADURBAR PLAZA, KATHMANDU, NEPAL

# DISCLOSURE UNDER BASEL III CAPITAL ACCORD FIRST QUARTER OF FY 2082-83 (2025-26) ENDING ON ASHWIN END, 2082 (AS PER CLAUSE 7.4 OF THE NEW CAPITAL ACCORD OF NEPAL RASTRA BANK)

### 1. CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO:

#### 1.1. Capital Fund Ratio:

S.n.	Capital Adequacy Ratios	Ashwin 2082	Ashad 2082
a	Common Equity Tier I (CET I) Capital Fund Ratio	9.22	9.46
b	Additional Tier I (AT I) Capital Fund Ratio	1	-
c	Total Core Capital Fund (Tier I) Ratio	9.22	9.46
d	Supplementary Capital Fund (Tier II) Ratio	2.41	2.38
Total	l Capital Fund to Total Risk Weighted Exposures	11.63	11.84

#### 2. LEVERAGE RATIO

(Regulatory Requirement :> =4%)

Particulars	Ashwin 2082	Ashad 2082
Exposure Measure	632,972,339,335	612,791,562,556
1. On Balance Sheet Assets (Net of Specific Provision)	584,730,057,043	560,250,863,218
2. Repurchase Agreements and Securities Finance	-	-
3. Derivatives	-	-
4. Off Balance Sheet Exposure	48,242,282,293	53,536,492,404
Less: Regulatory Deductions from CET1 Capital (CAF 2.7 B.I.b)	991,836,983	995,793,066
Capital Measure	30,300,923,056	30,036,824,875
1. Common Equity Tier 1 Capital ( After Regulatory Adjustment)	30,300,923,056	30,036,824,875
2. Additional Tier 1 Capital	-	-
Leverage Ratio in Percentage	4.79	4.90

#### 3. COMPONENTS OF CAPITAL FUND:

### 3.1. Computation of Capital Fund as per prevailing format prescribed by Nepal Rastra Bank:

## 3.1.1. Core Capital (Tier 1) Fund and breakdown of its Components:

S.n.	Common Equity Tion I (CET I) Conite Land	Amount NPR			
5.n.	Common Equity Tier I (CET I) Capital Fund	Ashwin 2082	Ashad 2082		
a.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	15,637,377,054	15,637,377,055		
b.	Equity Share Premium	-	-		
c.	Proposed Bonus Equity Shares	-	-		
d.	Statutory General Reserves	12,724,795,625	12,605,048,964		
e.	Retained Earnings	214,725,042	303,496,269		
f.	Un-audited current year cumulative profit/(loss)	-	-		
g.	Capital Redemption Reserves	-	-		
h.	Capital Adjustment Reserves	481,195,653	481,195,653		
i.	Debenture Redemption Reserve	2,229,166,667	2,000,000,000		
j.	Dividend Equalization Reserves	-	-		
k.	Bargain Purchase Gain	-	-		
1.	Other free Reserves	5,500,000	5,500,000		
m.	Less: Goodwill	-	-		
n.	Less: Intangible Assets	49,069,026	53,025,109		
0.	Less: Fictitious Assets	-	-		
p.	Less: Investment in equity of Licensed Financial Institutions	-	-		
q.	Less: Investment in equity of institutions with Financial Interests	921,504,957	921,504,957		
r.	Less: Investment in equity of institutions in excess of the limits	-	-		
s.	Less: Investments arising out of Underwriting Commitments	-	-		
t.	Less: Reciprocal crossholdings	-	-		
u.	Less: Purchase of Land and Buildings in excess of limit and unutilized	21,263,000	21,263,000		
v.	Less: Cash Flow Hedge	-	-		
w.	Less: Defined Benefit Pension Assets	-	-		
x.	Less: Unrecognized Defined Benefit Pension Liabilities	-	-		
y.	Less: Negative Balances of reserve accounts	-	-		
z.	Less: Other Deductions	-	-		
	Adjustment under Pillar II				
	Less: Shortfall in Provision (6.4a 1)	-	-		
	Less: Loans and Facilities extended to Related Parties and Restricted Lending (6.4a 2)	-	-		
- 	Common Equity Tier I (CET I) Capital Fund	30,300,923,056	30,036,824,875		

# 3.1.2. Additional Tier I Capital Fund and breakdown of its Components:

S.n.	Additional Tion I (AT) Conital Fund	Amount NPR			
	Additional Tier I (AT) Capital Fund	Ashwin 2082	Ashad 2082		
a.	Perpetual Non-cumulative Preference Share Capital	-	-		
b.	Perpetual Debt Instruments	-	-		
c.	Stock Premium	-	-		
Tota	Additional Tier I (AT I) Capital Fund	-	-		

## 3.1.3. <u>Supplementary (Tier 2) Capital and breakdown of its Components:</u>

C	Complementary (Tion II) Conital Eural	Amount	NPR	
S.n.	Supplementary (Tier II) Capital Fund	Ashwin 2082	Ashad 2082	
a.	Cumulative and/or Redeemable Preference Shares	-	-	
b.	Sub-ordinated Term Debt	3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000	
c.	Hybrid Capital Instruments	-	-	
d.	Stock Premium	-	-	
e.	General Loan Loss Provision	3,710,511,848	3,596,461,387	
f.	Exchange Equalization Reserve	133,329,193	133,329,193	
g.	Investment Adjustment Reserve	39,846,000	39,846,000	
h.	Accrued Interest Receivable on pass loan included in Regulatory Reserve	571,402,745	379,436,779	
i.	Interest Capitalized Reserve included in Regulatory Reserve	437,285,135	390,779,815	
j.	Other Reserves	45,111,656	45,111,656	
Tota	l Supplementary (Tier II) Capital Fund	7,937,486,576 7,584,964		

## 3.1.4. Total Capital Fund:

S.n.	Capital Funds	Ashwin 2082	Ashad 2082
a.	Common Equity Tier I Capital Fund (CET I)	30,300,923,056	30,036,824,875
b.	Additional Tier I Capital Fund (AT I)	-	-
	Total Core Capital Fund (Tier I)	30,300,923,056	30,036,824,875
c.	Supplementary Capital Fund (Tier II)	7,937,486,576	7,584,964,830
Tota	Capital Fund (Tier I + Tier II)	38,238,409,632	37,621,789,705

# 3.1.5.Detailed information about the Subordinated Term Debts with information on the outstanding amount, maturity, and amount raised during the year and amount eligible to be reckoned as capital funds:

The Bank has issued two debenture one worth Rs. 2.50 billion named "8.5% RBBL Debenture, 2083" with maturity of 6 years and another also worth Rs. 2.50 billion named "7% RBBL Debenture, 2088" with maturity of 7 years. The total amount eligible to be reckoned as capital funds in lieu of both above debentures is Rs. 3,000 million.

#### 3.1.6. Deductions from Capital:

The bank has deducted the following items in the calculation of Tier 1 Capital Fund:

Particulars	Amount NPR
1. Intangible Assets (Net Value)	53,025,109
2. Purchase of Land and Building in Excess of Limit and unutilized	21,263,000
3. Investment in equity of institutions with Financial Interests	921,504,957
- RBB Merchant Banking Ltd	200,000,000
- Nepal Digital payment company	151,111,100
- National Life Insurance Co. Ltd.	115,584,730
- NECO Insurance Ltd.	215,888,083
- Nepal Stock Exchange	37,975,845
- Balaju Yentrasala Pvt Ltd	945,200
- RBB Securities Company Limited	200,000,000
Total deduction from Capital	995,793,066

- 4. Total qualifying capital fund: NPR. 37,621,789,705
- 5. Risk Weighted Exposures for Credit Risk, Operational Risk and Market Risk:

S.n.	Digh Waighted Evenographs	Amount NPR			
8.11.	Risk Weighted Exposures	Ashwin 2082	Ashad 2082		
a.	Credit Risk	296,840,947,849	287,716,911,050		
b.	Operational Risk	17,115,100,973	16,271,414,078		
c.	Market Risk	678,442,587	346,269,081		
	Adjustment under Pillar II				
	Add: 4% of Gross total Income of Previous Financial Year for Inadequate Operational Risk Management Process (6.4a 7)	4,669,982,908	4,197,712,551		
	Add: 3 % of the total Risk Weighted Exposures for unsatisfactory overall risk management policies and procedures (6.4a 9)	9,439,034,742	9,130,037,826		
Total Pilla	Risk Weighted Exposures (After Banks adjustment of r II)	328,743,509,060	317,662,344,586		

# 6. Risk Weighted Exposures under each of 11 Categories of Credit Risk:

C	Particulars	Amount	t NPR	
S.n.	Particulars	Ashwin 2082	Ashad 2082	
1	Claims on govt. and central bank	-	-	
2	Claims on other official entities	769,969,203	534,905,640	
3	Claims on banks	5,698,695,006	5,492,852,675	
4	Claims on corporate and securities firm	107,534,543,576	99,920,869,338	
5	Claims on regulatory retail portfolio	76,570,589,096	76,585,465,667	
6	Claims secured by residential properties	19,033,208,005	18,222,485,787	
7	Claims secured by commercial real state	3,688,138,835	4,352,249,277	
8	Past due claims	4,384,891,416	4,177,434,797	
9	High risk claims	13,100,012,465	15,188,183,392	
10	Other assets	47,951,315,592	42,540,050,117	
11	Off Balance sheet items	18,109,584,655	20,702,414,360	
	Total	296,840,947,849	287,716,911,050	

7. Credit Risk Exposure Calculation Table:

		2082 Ashwin end					
Particulars	Book Value	Specific Provision	Eligible CRM	Net Amount	Risk Weight	Risk Weighted Exposures	
On Balance Sheet Transactions	(a)	<b>(b)</b>	(c)	(d)= (a) - (b) - (c)	(e)	$(\mathbf{f}) = (\mathbf{d})^*(\mathbf{e})$	
Cash Balance	7,427,617,313	-	-	7,427,617,313	0%	-	
Balance with Nepal Rastra Bank (NRB)	40,593,633,800	-	-	40,593,633,800	0%	-	
Gold	48,699	-	-	48,699	0%	-	
Investments in Nepalese Government Securities	96,324,884,197	-	-	96,324,884,197	0%	-	
All Claims on Government of Nepal	1,006,340,196	-	-	1,006,340,196	0%	-	
Investments in Nepal Rastra Bank Securities	-	-	-	-	0%	-	
All Claims on Nepal Rastra Bank	71,100,366,036	-	-	71,100,366,036	0%	-	
Claims on Foreign Government and Central Banks (ECA rating 0-1)	-	-	-	-	0%	-	
Claims on Foreign Government and Central Banks (ECA rating 2)	-	-	-	-	20%	-	
Claims on Foreign Government and Central Banks (ECA rating 3)	-	-	-	-	50%	-	
Claims on Foreign Government and Central Banks (ECA rating 4 - 6)	-	-	-	-	100%	-	
Claims on Foreign Government and Central Banks (ECA rating 7)	-	-	-	-	150%	-	
Claims on BIS, IMF, ECB, EC and on Multilateral Development Banks(MDBs) recognized by framework	-	-	-	-	0%	-	
Claims on other Multilateral development bank	-	-	-	-	100%	-	
Claim on Domestic Public sector Entities	784,952,478	14,983,275	-	769,969,203	100%	769,969,203	
Claims on Public Sector Entities ( ECA rating 0-1)	-	-	-	-	20%	-	
Claims on Public Sector Entities ( ECA rating 2 )	-	-	-	-	50%	-	
Claims on Public Sector Entities (ECA rating 3-6)	-	-	-	-	100%	-	
Claims on Public Sector Entities ( ECA rating 7)	-	-	-	-	150%	-	

# Capital Adequacy Report as per NRB Directives First Quarter of F/Y 2082/83(2025/26)

Claims on Domestic Banks that meet Capital	27,713,094,651	139	-	27,713,094,512	20%	5,542,618,902
Adequacy Requirements						
Claims on Domestic Banks that do not meet	-	-	-	-	100%	-
Capital Adequacy Requirements						17.07.101
Claims on Foreign Banks (ECA rating 0-1)	780,380,658	139	-	780,380,519	20%	156,076,104
Claims on Foreign Banks (ECA rating 2)	-	279	-	-	50%	-
Claims on Foreign Banks (ECA rating 3-6)	-	139	-	1	100%	-
Claims on Foreign Banks (ECA rating 7)	-	-	-	-	150%	-
Claims on Foreign Banks established in SAARC Region with buffer capital of 1% above their respective regulatory capital requirement	-	-	-	-	20%	-
Claims on Domestic Corporates (Credit rating score equivalent to AAA)	-	-	-	-	50%	-
Claims on Domestic Corporates (Credit rating score equivalent to AA+ to AA-)	-	-	-	-	70%	-
Claims on Domestic Corporates (Credit rating score equivalent to A+ to A-)	-	-	-	-	80%	-
Claims on Domestic Corporates (Credit rating score equivalent to BBB+ & below)	-	-	-	•	100%	-
Claims on Domestic Corporates (Unrated)	107,534,543,576	-	-	107,534,543,576	100%	107,534,543,576
Claims on Foreign Corporates (ECA rating 0-1)	-	-	-	-	20%	-
Claims on Foreign Corporates (ECA rating 2)	-	-	-	-	50%	-
Claims on Foreign Corporates (ECA rating 3 -6)	-	-	-	-	100%	-
Claims on Foreign Corporates (ECA rating 7)	-	-	-	-	150%	-
Regulatory Retail Portfolio (Not Overdue)	131,181,398,161	-	29,087,279,367	102,094,118,794	75%	76,570,589,096
Claims fulfilling all criterion of regulatory retail except granularity	-	-	-	-	100%	-
Claims Secured by Residential Properties	31,273,490,952	-	-	31,273,490,952	60%	18,764,094,571
Claims not fully Secured by Residential Properties	-	-	-	-	150%	-
Claims Secured by Residential Properties ( Overdue)	517,246,509	248,133,076	-	269,113,434	100%	269,113,434
Claims Secured by Commercial Real Estate	3,688,138,835	-	-	3,688,138,835	100%	3,688,138,835
Past due Claim (Except for claims secured by Residential Properties)	11,657,177,398	8,595,436,000	138,480,454	2,923,260,944	150%	4,384,891,416

# Capital Adequacy Report as per NRB Directives First Quarter of F/Y 2082/83(2025/26)

High Risk Claims	8,808,604,310	-	75,262,666	8,733,341,644	150%	13,100,012,465
Lending against securities (bonds)	-	-	-	-	100%	-
Lending against Shares	6,912,522,137	-	-	6,912,522,137	100%	6,912,522,137
Trust Receipt Loans for Trading Firms	1,463,753,293	-	-	1,463,753,293	120%	1,756,503,952
Real Estate loans for land acquisition and development (For institutions/projects registred/licensed and approved by Government of Nepal for land acquisition and development purposes)	-	-	-	-	100%	-
Personal Hire Purchase/Personal Auto Loans	4,339,305,622	-	-	4,339,305,622	100%	4,339,305,622
Investments in equity and other capital instruments of institutions <b>listed</b> in Stock Exchange	2,483,977,427	-	-	2,483,977,427	100%	2,483,977,427
Investments in equity and other capital instruments of institutions <b>not listed</b> in Stock Exchange	91,156,683	-	-	91,156,683	150%	136,735,025
Staff Loans secured by residential properties	6,378,927,211	-	-	6,378,927,211	50%	3,189,463,605
Interest Receivable/Claims on Government securities	1,280,018,371	-	-	1,280,018,371	0%	-
Cash in transit and Other cash items in the process of collection	155,346,654	2,363,192	-	152,983,462	20%	30,596,692
Other Assets (as per attachments)	56,138,522,251	27,036,311,120	-	29,102,211,131	100%	29,102,211,131
Total	619,635,447,418	35,897,227,359	29,301,022,487	554,437,197,990		278,731,363,194

Particulars	2082 Ashwin end					
	Book Value	Specific Provision	Eligible CRM	Net Amount	Risk Weight	Risk Weighted Exposures
Off Balance Sheet Transactions	(a)	<b>(b)</b>	(c)	(d)=(a)-(b)-(c)	(e)	$(\mathbf{f}) = (\mathbf{d})^*(\mathbf{e})$
Revocable Commitments	-	-	-	-	0%	-
Bills Under Collection	-	-	-	-	0%	-
Forward Exchange Contract Liabilities	-	-	-	-	10%	-
LC Commitments with Original Maturity <b>Upto 6 months</b> - Domestic counterparty	1,266,809,620	-	771,034,121	495,775,499	20%	99,155,100

# Capital Adequacy Report as per NRB Directives First Quarter of F/Y 2082/83(2025/26)

-Foreign Counterparty ( ECA 0-1 )	-	-	-	-	20%	-
-Foreign Counterparty (ECA 2)	-	-	-	-	50%	-
-Foreign Counterparty ( ECA 3 -6 )	-	-	-	-	100%	-
-Foreign Counterparty (ECA 7)	-	-	-	-	150%	-
LC Commitments with Original Maturity Over 6 months- Domestic counterparty	619,229,314	-	-	619,229,314	50%	309,614,657
-Foreign Counterparty ( ECA 0-1 )	-	-	-	-	20%	-
-Foreign Counterparty ( ECA 2 )	-	-	-	-	50%	-
-Foreign Counterparty (ECA 3 -6)	-	-	-	-	100%	-
-Foreign Counterparty (ECA 7)	-	-	-	-	150%	-
Bid Bod, Performance Bond and Counter Guarantee- Domestic Counterparty	13,078,844,712	-	450,263,557	12,628,581,155	40%	5,051,432,462
-Foreign Counterparty ( ECA 0-1 )	-	-	-	-	20%	-
-Foreign Counterparty (ECA 2)	-	-	-	1	50%	-
-Foreign Counterparty (ECA 3 -6)	-	1	-	-	100%	-
-Foreign Counterparty (ECA 7)	-	-	-	-	150%	-
Underwritting Commitments	-	-	-	-	50%	-
Lending of Banks Securities or Posting of Securities as Collateral	-	-	-	-	100%	-
Repurchase agreements, assets sale with recourse	-	1	-	1	100%	-
Advance Payment Guarantee	1,634,370,238	1	-	1,634,370,238	100%	1,634,370,238
Financial Guarantee	3,406,067,180	-	-	3,406,067,180	100%	3,406,067,180
Acceptances and Endorsements	-	-	-	-	100%	-
Unpaid Portion of Partly paid shares and securities	-	-	-	-	100%	-
Irrevocable Credit Commitments ( short term )	25,785,020,262	-	-	25,785,020,262	20%	5,157,004,052
Irrevocable Credit Commitments ( long term )	-	1	-	-	50%	-
Claims on foreign bank incorporated in SAARC region operating with a buffer of 1% above their respective regulatory capital requirement	-	-	-	-	20%	-
Other Contingent Liabilities	2,451,940,966	-	-	2,451,940,966	100%	2,451,940,966
Unpaid Guarantee Claims	-	-	-	-	200%	-
Total	48,242,282,293	-	1,221,297,679	47,020,984,614		18,109,584,655

#### 8. Details of Non-Performing Assets (NPA):

#### 7.1 Amount of NPA (both Gross and Net):

Particulars	Gross Amount	<b>Loss Provision</b>	Net Amount
Restructured Loan	-	-	-
Substandard loan	2,293,369,574	589,528,860	1,703,840,714
Doubtful Loan	2,787,150,388	1,388,724,553	1,398,425,836
Loss Loan	7,093,903,945	6,865,315,662	228,588,282
Total	12,174,423,907	8,843,569,075	3,330,854,832

#### 7.2 NPA Ratios:

NPA Ratios	Ashwin 2082	Ashad 2082
Gross NPA to Gross Advances	3.83%	3.59%
Net NPA to Net Advances	1.09%	1.03%

#### 9. Movement of Loans and Advances:

Classification of Loan		Ashwin 2082	Ashad 2082	Changes	
		Gross	Gross		
A	Pass Loan	305,659,503,304	297,802,641,068	7,856,862,236	
	Good loan	279,754,222,043	275,194,814,373	4,559,407,670	
	Watch List	25,905,281,261	22,607,826,695	3,297,454,566	
В	NPA	12,174,423,907	11,100,872,336	1,073,551,571	
	Restructure/Reschedule Loan	-	3,165,443	(3,165,443)	
	Substandard loan	2,293,369,574	1,798,584,413	494,785,161	
	Doubtful Loan	2,787,150,388	2,948,052,604	(160,902,216)	
	Loss Loan	7,093,903,945	6,351,069,876	742,834,069	
	Total	317,833,927,211	317,833,927,211	308,903,513,404	

#### 10. Write off of Loans & Interest Suspense:

Bank has not written off any loan during this quarter.

#### 11. Movements in Loan Loss Provisions and Interest Suspense:

Loan Loss Provision as on end of this quarter is NPR 13,217,107,641 and has increased by NPR 975,015,542 as compared to previous quarter. Similarly, interest suspense as on end of this quarter is NPR 8,675,857,517 and has increased by NPR 24,681,156 as compared to previous quarter.

<b>Particulars</b>	Ashwin 2082	Ashad 2082	Changes
Loan Loss Provision	13,217,107,641	12,242,092,099	975,015,542
Interest Suspense	8,675,857,517	8,651,176,361	24,681,156

# 12. Segregation of investment portfolio into Held for trading, Held to maturity and Available for sale category:

All the investments are classified as held to maturity category except shares and debentures in Financial Institutions and organized bodies which are categorized as available for sale.

# 13. Summary of terms, conditions and main features of all capital instruments, especially in case of subordinated term debts including hybrid capital instruments:

Particulars	Face Value	Remaining YTM	Eligible Tier II Capital	Capital Redemption Reserve
8.5% RBBL Debenture 2083 with 6 years tenure	2,500,000,000	2	500,000,000	2,000,000,000
7% RBBL Debenture 2088 with 7 years tenure	2,500,000,000	7	2,500,000,000	-
Total	5,000,000,000		3,000,000,000	2,000,000,000

#### 14. Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) Policy:

Bank has formulated ICAAP Policy, 2015 in compliance to Nepal Rastra Bank's Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) Guidelines 2012 (updated 2013), in order to provide a framework for ensuring setting up of systematic Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process of the Bank. The Bank firmly believes that capital of the bank is a cushion that protects the depositors and other stakeholders in case of any adverse eventuality. The capital of the bank should be linked to the level of risk of loss that the bank faces. Thus, capital buffers should be placed for all the material risks rather than mere Credit, Market and Operational risk as specified by the Pillar -1 of the Capital Adequacy Framework under the Basel III norms. RBBL hopes that the "ICAAP Policy 2015" will lay a foundation stone in measurement and monitoring of Economic Capital of

the bank. Besides, the bank is committed to ensure that sufficient capital is always maintained to cover up for the risk of losses arising from all the material risks.

Major areas of coverage of ICAAP Policy of the Bank are Board and Senior Management Oversight, Sound Capital Assessment, Comprehensive assessment of risks, Stress Testing, Monitoring and Reporting and Internal Control and Review.

#### 15. Risk Management System:

The Bank is fully owned by the Government of Nepal. The Capitalization Plan of the bank has been successfully implemented increasing its capital base. The Board of Directors and the Management of the Bank are responsible for implementing and strengthening Risk Management Systems.

#### 16. Credit Risk Management System:

- Risk Management Committee, Central Credit Committee chaired by CEO, DGM level Credit
  Committee, Credit Committee at Department level, Regional Office Credit Committee, Branch Office
  Credit Committee and Credit Chief are responsible at different level to identify and implement tools to
  mitigate credit risk.
- Credit is approved, disbursed, monitored and reviewed following credit approval, disbursement, monitoring and review procedures described in the "Credit Manual 2060"(as amended 2014) and internal circular issued by the management from time to time.
- Risk Management Committee and Loan Recovery and Debt Restructuring Committee are responsible
  to identify large and problematic loans and to recovery write off of such loan.
- Credit concentration is monitored periodically and the bank bears a highly diverse credit portfolio with large number of borrowers.
- The responsibility for review of investment on half yearly basis has been vested to Internal Audit
  Department by the Treasury and Investment Manual of the Bank. The investment review report is
  submitted to Nepal Rastra Bank and Treasury Department by the Internal Audit Department on half
  yearly basis.

#### 17. Market Risk Management Systems:

The Bank uses the liquidity table and gap analysis for management of market risk. The Bank has its own Investment and Treasury Operations Manual as a guiding document for the management of market risk. Assets and Liabilities Committee (ALCO) has been established to review the interest rate exposures at periodic intervals and suggest corrective measures to the management. The ALCO also reviews liquidity risk on monthly basis.

#### 18. Operational Risk Management System:

Different aspects of operational risks are addressed by in various policies, manuals, circulars and instructions of the Bank. The following policies, procedures and guidelines are implemented by the Bank, which contains relative controls to address different aspects of risks associated with the operations:

- Functional Organizational Structure
- Branch Operation Manual 2064 (as updated 2077)
- Investment and Treasury Operations Manual, 2014
- Credit Manual 2077
- Collateral Security Valuation Directives 2064
- Accounting Manual 2061
- Financial Administration By-Rules 2068
- RBBL Loan Write Off Bylaws 2075
- Budget Manual 2060
- Audit Manual 2060
- Agricultural Loan Policy and Manual 2069

#### Capital Adequacy Report as per NRB Directives

First Quarter of F/Y 2082/83(2025/26)

- Loan Recovery Directives 2071
- Employee Service Byrule 2070
- Departmental Operating Instructions and manual for various departments
- Information and Communication Technology (ICT) Policy and Guidelines-2021
- ICAAP Policy, 2015
- -Risk Management Policy Guideline 2016

#### 19. Branch Operation Department

This department is responsible to oversee the overall functioning of the bank branches. A separate Legal Department headed by a legal office, as also by professional lawyers on retainer basis whose services are available on call and as and when required is in place to minimize the legal risk.

#### 20. Internal Control Systems

The effectiveness of the internal control system of the bank is reviewed regularly by the Board, its Committees, Management Committee, and Internal Audit Department. In conformity with the NRB directives, the bank has constituted a three member- Audit Committee consisting of two Non-Executive Directors. The committee reviews periodic reports and investigation reports submitted by the Internal Audit Department and Regional Audit Units and give suggestions /directions to the management as required. The Internal Audit Department monitors compliance with policies and standards and the effectiveness of internal control system throughout the organization.

\*\*\* THE END\*\*\*